

A pre-purchase examination of a horse represents a veterinary assessment of the health as on the day of the examination. The examination is based on the horse's level of training and fitness at the time, the tack and equipment used, the way of training and the present rider/trainer.

Prior to the examination, it remains the responsibility of the purchaser to have assessed the horse in the stable, during saddling and warming in and to have ridden the horse and found it rideable and at a level of training compatible with the age and reported training levels of the horse. It also remains the responsibility of the purchaser to examine possible competition results as well as previous medical history for the horse.

The examination is not capable of predicting the future level of performance in the horse or the overall capacity of the horse. The pre-purchase examination is not compatible with or similar to a detailed or specialist investigation used in the investigation of diseases or injuries.

Any possible radiographic examination remains a survey assessment of the bones which can be evaluated on the images. The radiographic examination is set out as a standard protocol and is not able to predict the future performance levels, future soundness or resale value of the horse. The significance of possible radiographic observations will in many cases depend on the result of the clinical pre-purchase examination.

Any possible claim for damages from the purchaser against the veterinary surgeon as the result of the pre-purchase examination is in all cases subsidiary to purchaser's demand for proportional reduction/ compensation from the vendor. For this reason, the veterinary surgeon can only be made liable for compensation towards the purchaser as the result of the pre-purchase examination if and when the purchaser's demand for proportional reduction/compensation from the vendor has not materialised. An out-of-date reclamation for compensation from the purchaser towards the vendor likewise excludes the purchaser from claiming damages from the veterinary surgeon.

Any possible claim for damages from the vendor against the veterinary surgeon as the result of the pre-purchase examination is in all cases restricted to any proven loss as the result of additional expenses incurred by the vendor as the result of the pre-purchase examination, whereas the vendor will be unable to claim damages relating to any loss of value of the horse (being the difference in the value of the horse before and after the detection of those abnormalities which might give rise to a claim for damages against the veterinary surgeon)

The examination is by instruction of the purchaser of the horse who agrees that, irrespective of the outcome of the examination, he/she is required to pay the performing veterinary surgeon for the examination of the horse. Payment is due immediately following of the examination, except if other arrangements have been agreed in advance.

Prepurchase Examination Worksheet

Is the horse insured: ☐ yes ☒ no

Horse identification: KIOTO, ID 528210004099310

Intended use of the horse: jumping Age: 9, born on 25.03.2015 Breed: KWPN Color: black

Sex: gelding Vaccination: ☒ tetanus ☒ influenza

Medication in the last 4 weeks? ☒ no ☐ yes:

Previous lameness? ☒ no ☐ yes

Previous medical problems? ☒ no ☐ yes

Previous surgeries? ☒ no ☐ yes

Stereotypies: ☒ no ☐ yes : ☐ cribbing ☐ waving ☐ headshaking ☐ windsucking ☐ box walking

The above information is declared by the seller and is not subject to verification.

General examination:

Conformation and stance: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal

Nutritional status: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal

Skin and hair: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal

Pulse at rest: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal

Mucous membranes: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal

Lymph nodes: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Respiration at rest: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Respiration after work: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Type of respiration: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Spontaneous cough: yes ☐ no ☒ Cough reflex yes ☐ no ☒ endoscopy: ☒ no ☐ yes

Cardiovascular system: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Eyes (including ophthalmoscopic examination): ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Digestive system: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Urogenital system: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Nervous system: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal

Locomotor system:

Inspection: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Palpation: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Neck and withers : ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Back : ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Croup: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Left fore leg ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Right fore leg ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Left hind leg ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Right hind leg ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Horn quality ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Heels and frog ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Hoof tester: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
Hoof size and shape: **equal** / unequal

Shoes ☒ no ☐ yes, what kind? ☐ all four legs ☐ front feet

Locomotion

walking on hard ground in a straight line: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
walking on hard ground in a small left circle: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
walking on hard ground in a small right circle: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
trotting on hard ground in a straight line: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
trotting on hard ground in a small left circle: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
trotting on hard ground in a small right circle: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
trotting on soft ground in a left circle: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
trotting on soft ground in a right circle: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
cantering on soft ground in a left circle: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal
cantering on soft ground in a right circle: ☒ normal ☐ abnormal

Flexion test:	LF	<u>not sensitive</u> / sensitive	- (negative)
	RF	<u>not sensitive</u> / sensitive	- (negative)
	LH	<u>not sensitive</u> / sensitive	- (negative)
	RH	<u>not sensitive</u> / sensitive	- (negative)

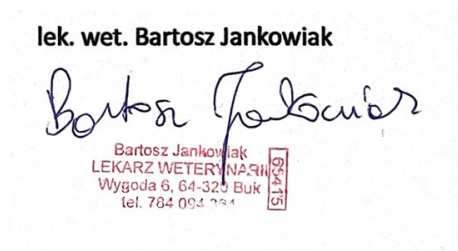
Ataxia: ☒ no ☐ yes

Fixing of patella: LH **not possible** / possible RH **not possible** / possible

Blood collection : ☒ no ☐ yes

Place, date and time of examination: Tarnowo Podgórne, 29.03.2024 02.00 PM-03:00 PM

Examining veterinarian:



The inspecting Veterinary Surgeon can not be held responsible for a latent defect which could not be diagnosed in a carefully conducted examination.